FOUNDRY Monotype

FAMILY

DESIGNER

CLASSIFICATION

Aa

**Bruce Rogers** 

Serif Old Style

A distinctive design that performs best at larger sizes in headlines and short blocks of text copy. Centaur should not be combined with equally

ROOTS

**BEST PRACTICES** 

distinctive designs.

 $\otimes$ 

口

Two weights with corresponding italics. A suite of swash characters are included with the italic designs.

The episcopal throne embodies the principle

## Nave & Organ

richly decorated and aisled rectangular hall

baptismal candidates could stand in it

Drawn by Bruce Rogers, and first released in 1914 for a private press, Centaur was made available as a commercial typeface in 1929.

The design is based on the 1470 font of the Venetian printer, Nicolas Jenson.

FONT FACTS

(i)

- Bruce Rodgers originally wanted the typeface to be called "Kent" after the name of the director of the private press for which it was initially designed.
- The italic, first called "Arrighi," was designed in the late 1920s by Frederic Warde.

LEGIBILITY

While originally designed for text copy set in metal type, Centaur's small x-height, delicate serifs and idiosyncratic characters detract from legibility. This is especially true in small sizes.

ANGLED TOP SERIFS DELICATE HAIRLINE STROKES

STRONG ANGLED WEIGHT STRESS

LONG RIGHT SERIF ON MANY CHARACTERS

HOW TO SPOT

Q

ALTERNATE CHOICES

PERFECT PAIRINGS



Sheared J terminal

Right foot serif on r is long

Diamond shaped punctuation

PQOpen bowl on italic P and O

Bembo® Book

Adobe Jenson™

ITC Legacy® Serif

Venetian 301



Helvetica® Now

Avenir® Next

Harmonia Sans

Syntax® Next











